

Risk Report 2015Q2

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The Risk Report has been prepared by Realkredit Danmark's analysts for information purposes only. Realkredit Danmark will publish an updated Risk Report quarterly.

The Risk Report offers an update on the performance of mortgage collateral supporting mortgage bonds and mortgage covered bonds (covered bonds) issued by Realkredit Danmark.

Contents of the report falls into two parts. The first part contains general market information relevant to the performance of mortgage collateral. The second part contains Realkredit Danmark specific information. Contents of the report are:

1 Key Market Indicators

- House Prices
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- · Geographical Dispersion
- Unemployment and Real Wage Growth
- · Homeowner Affordability
- Foreclosures
- · Danish economic outlook

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- Arrears and Repossessions
- Over Collateralisation and Capitalisation
- · Supplementary Collateral
- Guarantees
- Market Risk Exposures and Liquidity



Key Market Indicators

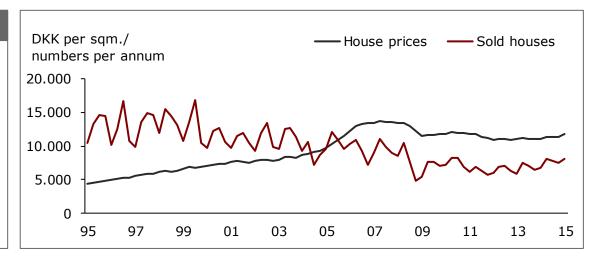
General Market Information



1 House Prices and Homeowners Equity

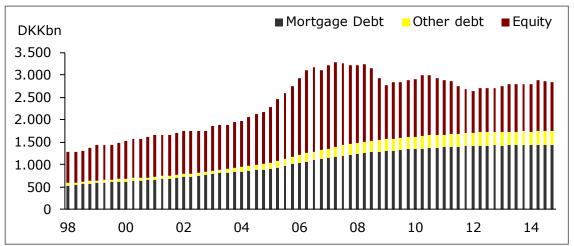
House Price Trends

- · House prices are slowly increasing
- The Danish Central Bank expects an increase in house prices of 3 – 3.5 per cent per annum from 2015 to 2017
- Number of houses sold is on the rise from a low level



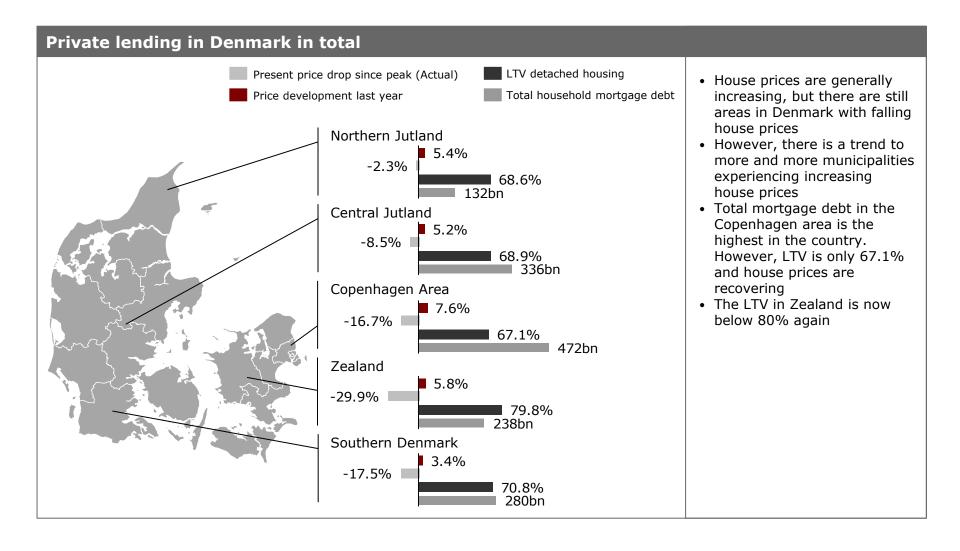
Homeowners Equity

- Homeowners' equity was DKK 1,084 bn end 2014Q4
- Since the beginning of 2012 homeovners' equity has risen by DKK 156bn
- In the same period total lending increased by DKK 36bn and thus the total value of the housing stock has increased by DKK 192bn





1 Geographical Dispersion

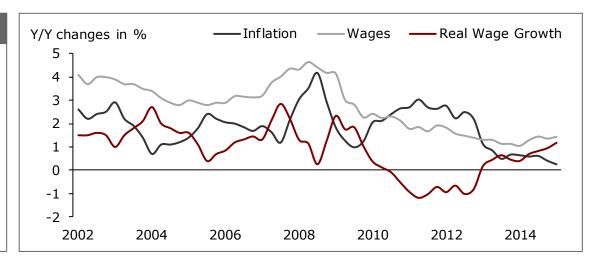




1 Unemployment and Real Wage Growth

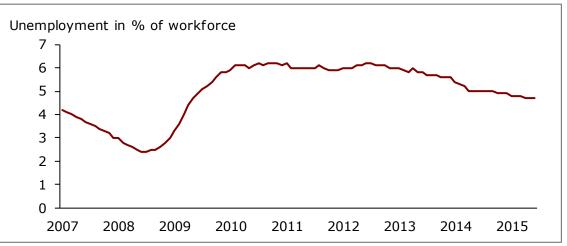
Real Wage Growth

- Real wage growth in Q1 2015 stood at 1.2%.
- Current real wage growth is now above average



Unemployment

- Gross unemployment rate stood at 4.7 per cent end Q2 2015 up from a historical low of 2.4 per cent in mid 2008
- In a historical perspective unemployment is still on a low level



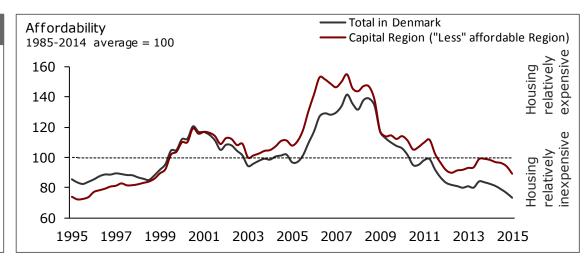
^{1.} Gross unemployment rate defined as net unemployment plus persons in activation schemes



1 Homeowner Affordability and Foreclosures

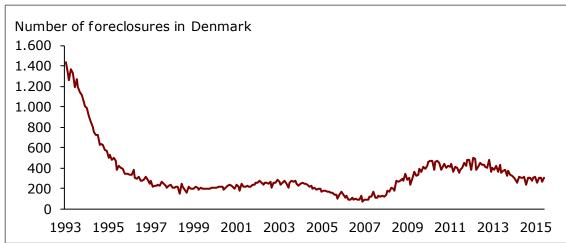
Homeowner Affordability

- House price deflation and lower interest rates has made housing more affordable
- In Copenhagen, the affordability index is close to 100



Foreclosures

- The number of foreclosed properties in Denmark in June 2015 was 303
- The number of foreclosures is now back to "normal levels"
- The duration of a foreclosure is approx. 6 months from missed payments to completion





1 Political measures and outlook

Denmark Euro Zone	2014		2015		2016	
GDP	1.1	0.9	1.7	1.5	2.1	2.0
Private Consumption	0.6	1.0	1.9	1.7	1.9	1.1
Fixed investments	3.7	1.1	0.2	2.5	3.2	5.5
Export	2.6	3.7	3.4	3.8	4.9	4.2
Unemployment %	5.1	11.6	4.7	11.0	4.4	10.2

Danish Economy Outlook

- The growth in the Danish as well as the European economy was revised to 1.1 and 0.9 per cent in 2014, respectively
- The growth in the Danish and European economy is expected to increase to 1.7 per cent and 1.6 per cent, respectively, in 2015
- Interest rates are a key element in the household economy
- Lately, we have experienced negative interest rates in Denmark
- Denmark conducts a fixed-exchange-rate policy vis-à-vis the euro. Consequently, monetary and foreign-exchange policy is aimed at keeping the krone stable against the euro
- The QE programme from the ECB has put focus on Denmark and its high credit ranking (triple A)
- Further, when the SNB removed the floor, focus turned to the Danish peg
- As a consequence, the Danish Central Bank has lowered its key interest rates. Certificates of deposit rate currently stands at -0.75% p.a.
- We expect very low interest rates in the near future

Source: Danske Bank, August 2015

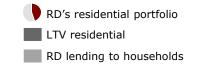


Key Collateral Indicators

Realkredit Danmark Specific Information

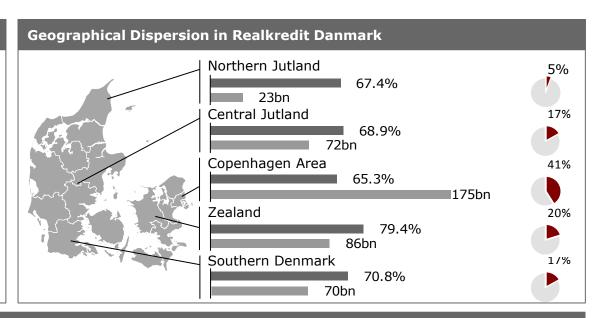


2 Dispersion and Loan to Value Ratios



Dispersion of RD's residential portfolio

- RD's loan portfolio is concentrated in the Copenhagen area and on Zealand where prices have been reduced the most
- Homeowner equity remains highest in the Copenhagen area which also is the region with the smallest LTV
- The affordability ratio in the capital region is rising and is now very close to index 100



Loan To Value Ratios

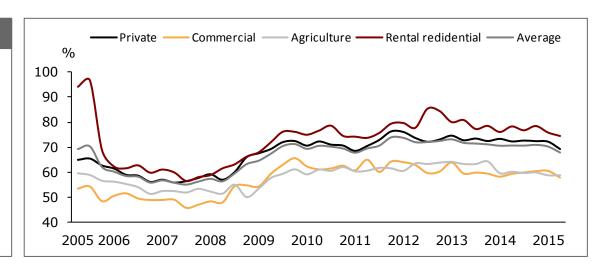
- Covered bonds are secured by a first claim on the mortgage collateral and the reserves of the issuer
- LTV ratios of the mortgage collateral are maximised by legislation at 80% in residential segments and 60% in commercial segments (70% if the outmost 10% are secured by additional collateral). Lending beyond these limits is prohibited
- LTV ratios are monitored on an ongoing basis based on current market values of the property and current prepayment value of the mortgages
- 36% of mortgage collateral securing covered bonds issued by Realkredit Danmark has a current LTV ratio of 20% or less. More than 65% has a current loan to value ratio lower than 40%
- Foreclosure costs are typically less than 15% of the outstanding loan balance



2 Loan To Value and Borrower Classifications

Loan to Value

- Average loan to value ratios across market segments are 68% in Q2 2015 compared to 71% in Q2 2014
- LTV's for Commercial and Agriculture are based on few observations to confirm correct price levels



Borrower Classifications

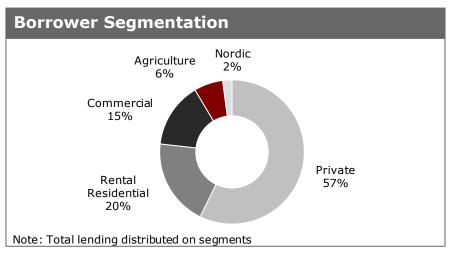
- Borrowers' financial strength is classified on a scale from 1 to 11, 1 being the highest score
- Approx. 7bn of total lending is secured by mortgages above the 80% LTV limit for which the borrowers' financial strength is classified 8-11 — equivalent to 1% of the portfolio

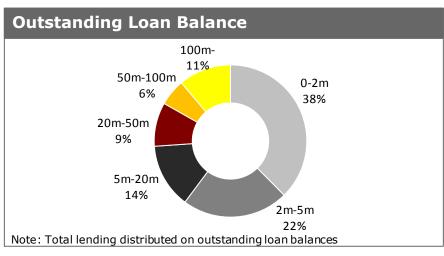
DKKbn	Rating Category (Scaled 1-11)							
LTV	1-3	4-7	8-11	Total				
0-20 %	56	190	19	264				
20-40 %	39	161	18	217				
40-60 %	23	116	15	154				
60-80 %	10	55	9	74				
> 80 %	7	21	7	35				
Total	135	542	67	744				

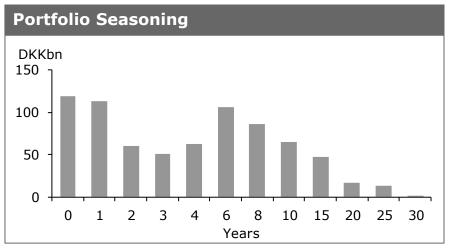
Note: RD total



2 Collateral Breakdowns — Total portfolio



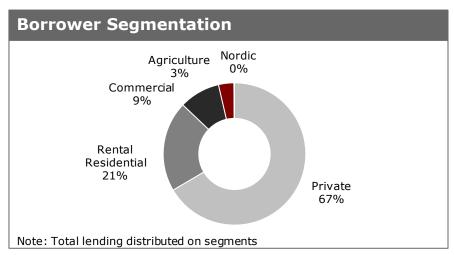


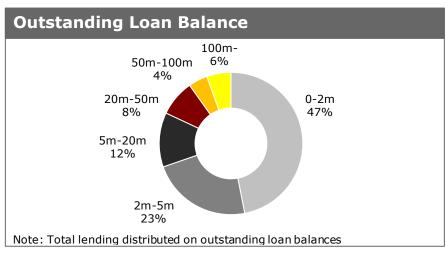


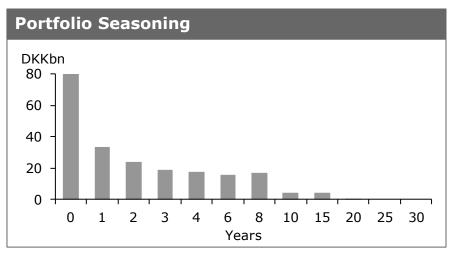
Outstanding Debt in DKKbn by LTV ratio							
Segment	0-20%	20- 40%	40- 60%	60- 80%	>80%	Total DKKbn	
Private	142	123	92	50	19	426	
Commercial	47	40	26	7	4	123	
Agriculture	19	15	10	3	1	48	
Rental Residential	57	38	26	14	12	147	
Weighted dist.	36%	29%	21%	10%	5%	100%	
Total, DKKbn	264	217	154	74	35	744	
Average LTV: 67.9%							



2 Collateral Breakdowns — Capital Centre S



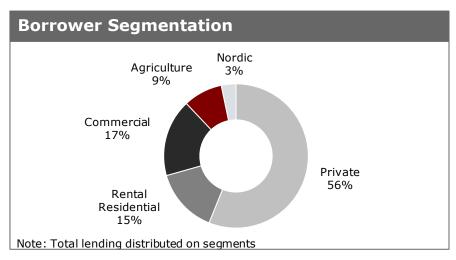


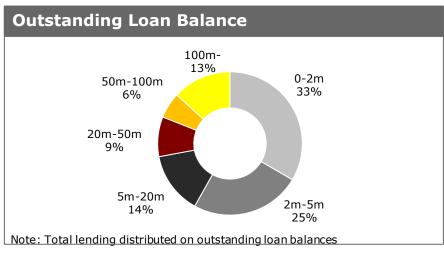


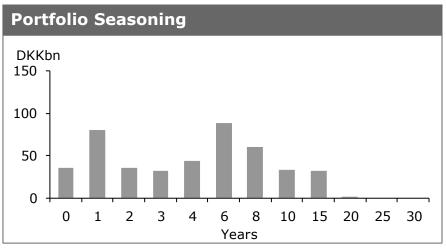
Outstanding Debt in DKKbn by LTV ratio							
Segment	0-20%	20- 40%	40- 60%	60- 80%	>80%	Total DKKbn	
Private	48	44	32	17	5	146	
Commercial	7	6	5	2	1	20	
Agriculture	3	3	2	0	0	8	
Rental Residential	21	12	7	3	3	45	
Weighted dist.	36%	29%	21%	10%	4%	100%	
Total, DKKbn	79	64	45	22	9	219	
Average LTV: 64.0%							



2 Collateral Breakdowns — Capital Centre T







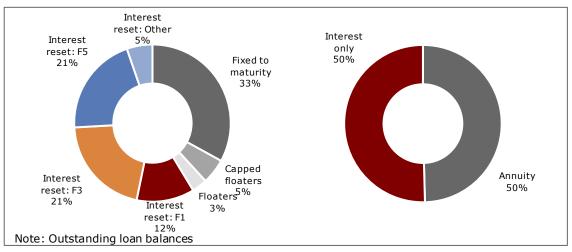
Outstanding Debt in DKKbn by LTV ratio									
Segment	0-20%	20- 40%	40- 60%		>80%	Total DKKbn			
Private	81	72	55	30	12	250			
Commercial	36	31	19	4	2	91			
Agriculture	15	13	8	3	1	39			
Rental Residential	22	18	14	7	5	66			
Weighted dist.	34%	30%	21%	10%	4%	100%			
Total, DKKbn	154	133	95	45	19	446			
Average LTV: 67.0%									



2 Borrower Exposure to Interest Rates

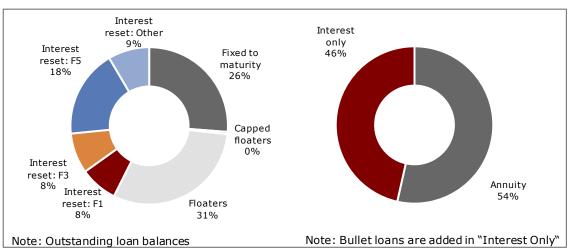
Private Segment

- Homeowners must be able to service a 30-year fixed rate annuity loan for Realkredit Danmark to underwrite
- Originally, fixed rate mortgages were standard in the Danish market, but now interest reset accounts for 59 %
- Expectations are for this percentage to decline since fixed rates are now only 3% and FlexKort® (floater) is offered as an alternative to interest reset loans
- Negative interest rates has been a reality for F1 – and some floaters' floor of 0% p.a. became effective as of 1 July 2015



Corporate Segments

- 26% of all lending in corporate segments is fixed rate to maturity
- 73% are either interest reset (typically, rates are reset every year or every third year) or floating rate (base rates are either 6M CIBOR, 3M EURIBOR or 6M CITA)
- Bullets and Interest only loans make up 46% of corporate lending

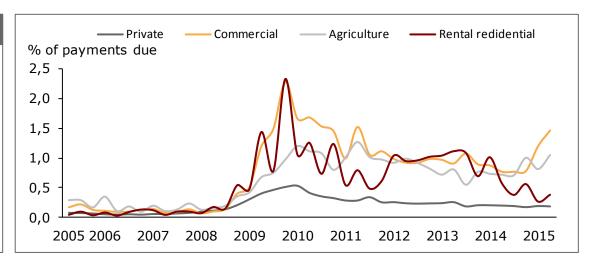




2 Arrears and Repossessions

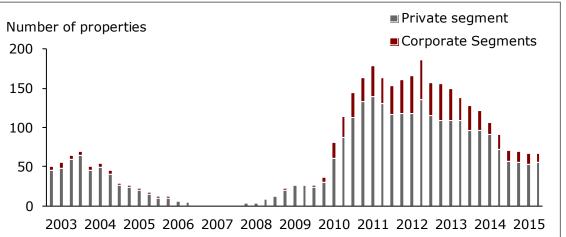
Arrears (3 months)

- Total arrears stood at 0.47% end Q2 2015
- Arrears are rather volatile in the Rental residential segment. However, arrears are down considerably from Q4 2009
- Arrears in the Commercial segment has increased to 1.46% due to a few individual loans
- Arrears in the Private segments have been rather stable around 0.2% for the last years



Repossessions

- The stock of repossessed properties stood at 67 end Q2 2015 — the same as in Q1 2015
- This compares to a total stock of mortgage collateral of 482,550

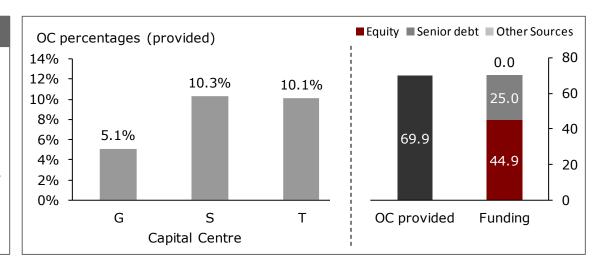




2 Over Collateralization and Capitalization

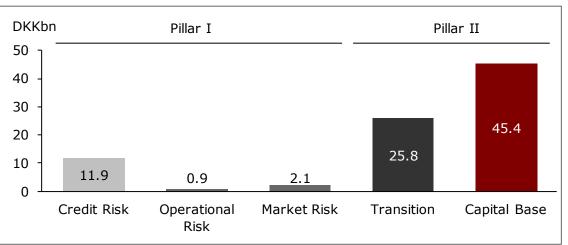
Over Collateralisation

- Covered bonds issued by Realkredit Danmark are secured by mortgage collateral and reserves
- Reserves are invested in government exposures, covered bonds and bank exposures
- In case of bankruptcy Over Collateralisation will also be comprised by bondholders preferential claim



Capitalisation

- The solvency ratio stood at 12.1% end Q2 2015 (CRD definition)
- Realkredit Danmark has been issuing senior debt since Q1 2012 to strengthen the capital base

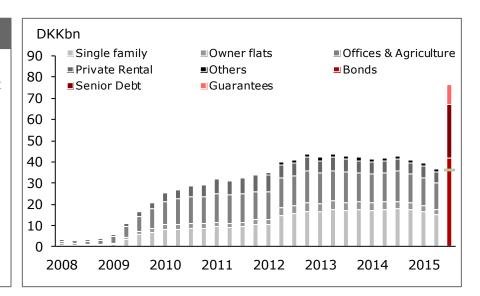




Supplementary Collateral — Total in S and T

Buffer in Capital Centres S and T

- End Q2 total OC provided was DKK 66.9bn in Capital Centres S and T of which 25.0bn was funded by Senior debt
- Supplementary Collateral of DKK 36.6bn is required end Q2 2015 in Capital Centres S and T
- · Loss Guarantees of DKK 9.4bn are utilised
- Buffer for further growth in need for supplementary Collateral in Capital Centres S and T is DKK 39.8bn
- If the OC is insufficient to comply with Supplementary Collateral requirements, RD can transfer OC from the General Capital Centre or write Loss Guaranties within the 15% limitation of issued bonds



Supplementary Collateral requirements

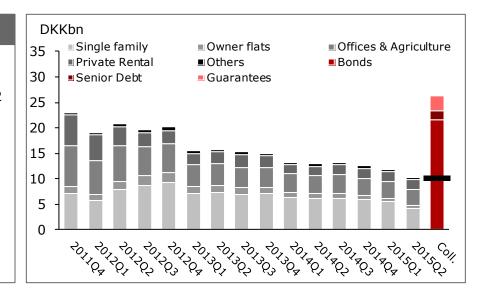
- If LTV limits are breached during the term of the loan the mortgage loan will only be eligible with the part that comply with the LTV limits. If eligible collateral is insufficient, Supplementary Collateral must be provided
- Increased need for Supplementary Collateral is due to
 - House price deflation
 - Properties selected for supervision
 - Refinancing and remortgaging of loans
 - Increased market value on bonds
- Loss Guaranties and eligible bonds can be used as Supplementary Collateral (bonds which also are used to comply with the solvency requirement) but no other asset types are eligible



Supplementary Collateral — S

Buffer in Capital Centre S

- End Q2 2015 total OC provided was DKK 23.4bn in Capital Centre S of which 1.9bn was funded by Senior debt
- Supplementary Collateral of DKK 10.1bn is required end Q2 2015 in Capital Centre S
- Loss Guarantees of DKK 2.8bn are utilised
- Buffer for further growth in need for supplementary Collateral in Capital Centre S is DKK 16.1bn
- If the OC is insufficient to comply with Supplementary Collateral requirements, RD can transfer OC from the General Capital Centre or Capital Centre T or write Loss Guaranties within the 15% limitation of issued bonds

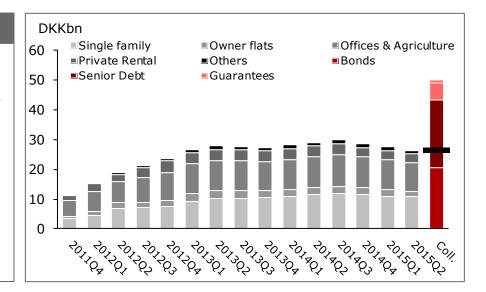




Supplementary Collateral — T

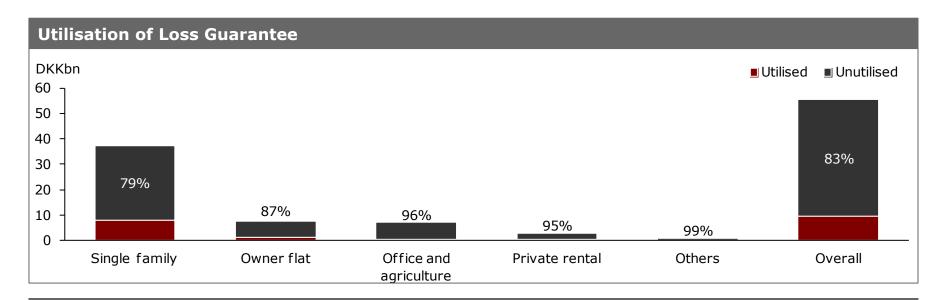
Buffer in Capital Centre T

- End Q2 2015 total OC provided was DKK 43.5bn in Capital Centre T of which 23.1bn was funded by Senior debt
- Supplementary Collateral of DKK 26.4bn is required end Q2 2015 in Capital Centre T
- Loss Guarantees of DKK 6.7bn are utilised
- Buffer for further growth in need for supplementary Collateral in Capital Centre T is DKK 23.8bn
- If the OC is insufficient to comply with Supplementary Collateral requirements, RD can transfer OC from the General Capital Centre or Capital Centre S or write Loss Guaranties within the 15% limitation of issued bonds





Guarantees — Total

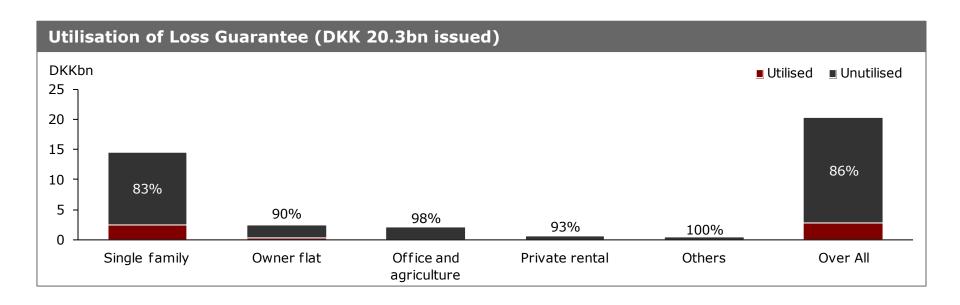


Loss Guarantees issued by Danske Bank (DKK 55.5bn)

- RD loans disbursed through Danske Bank has a Loss Guarantee
- Loss Guarantees covers the outmost LTV limited to 20% of the maximum lending corresponding to LTV from 60–80% for Single Family Housing and 40–60% for Corporate and Holiday Housing
- Maturity of 8 years with an amortization equivalent to the covered loan
- Loss Guarantee covers losses obtained from forced sales including costs

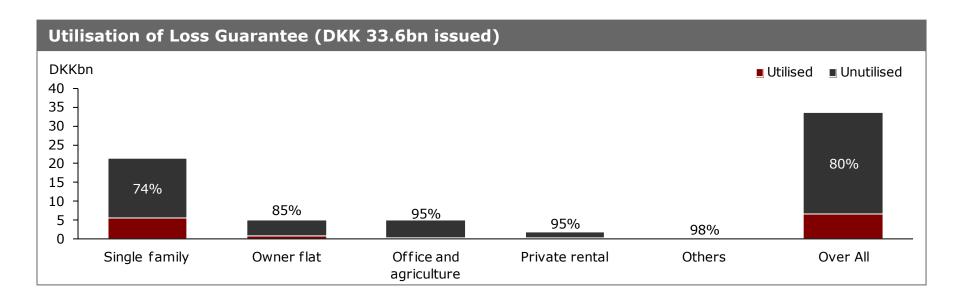


Guarantees — S





Guarantees — T

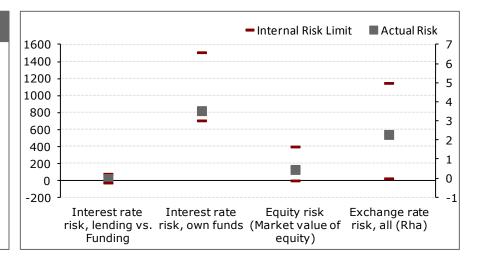




2 Market Risk Exposure and Liquidity

Market Risk Exposures

- Realkredit Danmark operates subject to the specific balance principle
- In adherence with the principle Realkredit Danmark issues covered bonds on a daily basis to match loan origination and employs a pass through structure i.e. bond terms mirror loan terms
- Market risk exposures are, therefore, limited. End Q2 2015 interest rate risk on lending vs. funding stood at DKK 22.9m
- Derivatives are not employed for hedging imbalances on lending and funding





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